Developmental Disabilities Services Innovation Think Tank

CLINICAL AND CRISIS SERVICES

~ WHAT IS HAPPENING NOW ~

Clinical Services are medically necessary therapeutic or medical services or equipment. **Crisis Services** are time limited, intensive supports provided when a person may have a psychological, behavioral or emotional crisis.

Clinical Services	Crisis Services
- Clinical Assessment	- Crisis Assessment, Support, Referral
- Therapy	- Crisis Beds
- Individual	
- Family	
- Group	
- Medication, Medical Support, Consultation	
- Other Medical Services not paid for by	
Medicaid State Plan	

FY 2017

Crisis, Clinical and Related Services and Supports		
- People who had individual crisis services in their budget	377	
- People who used a statewide crisis bed	35	
- Total days the statewide crisis beds were used	568	
- People who had clinical services in their budget	1,988	
- People who had a psychiatric inpatient stay (Level 1 bed)	5	
- Total days of psychiatric inpatient stays	238	
- People who were considered to pose a risk to public safety	220	

- Vermont Crisis Intervention Network provides statewide technical assistance, training and crisis supports.
- Funding may be provided in a person's budget to meet specific clinical and crisis support needs.
- Guidelines from the state must be followed for behavior support and support to help people with unique needs (such as those who pose a risk to public safety).

CLINICAL AND CRISIS SERVICES

(What is Happening Now)

- 41% of people surveyed were reported as having a "mood disorder" (National Core Indicators – NCI)
- 35% of people surveyed were reported as having "behavior challenges" (NCI)
- 9% of people surveyed were reported as having a "psychotic disorder" (NCI)
- 58% of people surveyed were reported as taking at least one medication for "mood, anxiety and/or psychotic disorder "(NCI)
- 22% of people surveyed were reported as taking at least one medication for "behavior challenges" (NCI)
- 36% of people surveyed were reported as having a "behavior support plan" (NCI)

WHAT ARE THE CHALLENGES ~

- Needing more local crisis beds and transitional housing.
- Concerns about risk, liability and community protection.
- Some therapies, such as "talk therapy", do not work as well for a person with limited communication.
- Knowing how to best support people with dementia and Alzheimer's.
- Addressing mental health issues is not agencies' primary area of expertise.
- Mental health crisis teams having limited knowledge about people with developmental disabilities.
- Lack of supports for people with multiple complex issues, such as mental illness, drug and alcohol use, criminal behaviors, homelessness and poverty.
- Billing issues when both mental health and developmental disabilities services are provided at an agency.
- Finding drug and alcohol counselors who work with people with developmental disabilities. Finding the right therapy that works for people with an addiction.

CLINICAL AND CRISIS SERVICES

~ WHAT CAN WORK WELL ~

- Offering therapies that are hands-on and involve working with people in a physically active, socially engaged way.
- Offering therapies that use physical contact with animals, such as dogs and horses, to help people learn to have trusting relationships.
- Offering therapies that use sensory experiences to change behavior.
- Police and crisis workers who are trained and work together on how best to respond in emergencies.
- Hiring clinical staff to work in developmental disabilities services.
- Having agency crisis response available to people who get mental health, developmental disabilities and substance abuse services.
- Providing an initial assessment that looks at a person's risk, individual needs and what type of therapy might work best.
- Responding to a person's emotional and social needs to make it more likely they will stop abusing drugs or alcohol.
- Creating support groups for caregivers of people who have dementia or Alzheimer's.

CLINICAL AND CRISIS SERVICES

~ DISCUSSION QUESTIONS ~

It might be helpful to get your ideas for the retreat ready ahead of time. These are questions we will be talking about:

- 1. What type of supports were offered to someone in crisis that you have seen work best?
- 2. What type of supports were offered to someone in crisis that you have noticed were not helpful? Could have been done differently?
- 3. What do you think could be done to help people get the therapy they need?
- 4. What creative supports or ways of doing things that you have learned about that are used in other places?